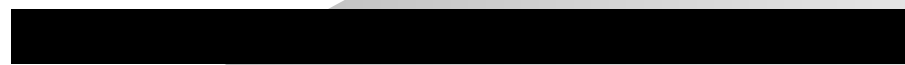




3600 Marine Engine Application and Installation Guide

● Drawings





Drawings

General Drawing Datums and Conventions

Engine Installation Drawings

Engine Room Installations

General

Drawings

General Drawing Datums and Conventions

Caterpillar Drawing Datums And General Conventions

Zero Datum

All dimensions identified on standard Caterpillar General Arrangement Drawings are referenced to three (3) principal datums:

- 01 Horizontal Centerline Of Engine
- 02 Vertical Centerline Of Engine
- 03 Rear Face Of Crankshaft Adapter

The rear of the engine has been established as the flywheel end with right and left identified as looking forward from that location.

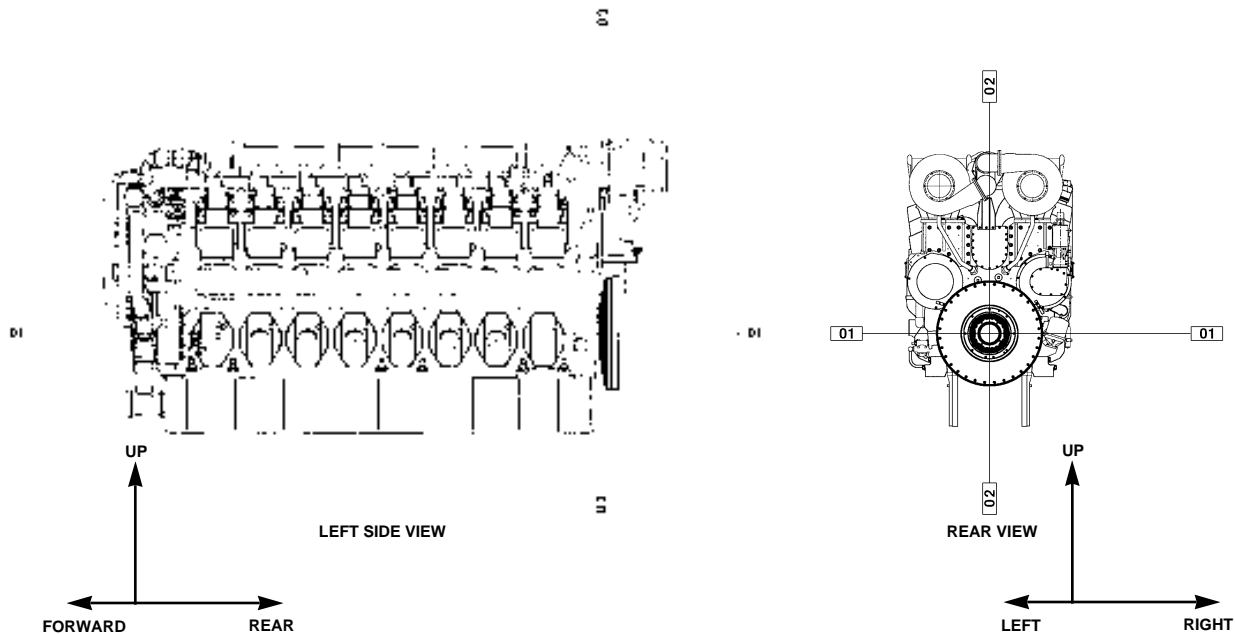


Figure 1

Engine Installation Drawings

Installation Drawings numbered, 3606 MAR, 3608 MAR, 3612 MAR and 3616 MAR represent the 3600 engines with marine propulsion configurations. See LEKX1120 generator set *Technical Data* for drawings of typical marine auxiliary generator set engine configurations.

Engine Room Installations

The engine room machinery layout is normally made by the shipyard and/or the owner and consultant. However, the engine builder requirements must be considered to ensure all systems function properly and service requirements are met. Pumps, coolers, starting air compressors, etc., must be serviceable. Piping attached to equipment such as coolers should allow cooler end bonnets to be removed for tube bundle service. Cooler tubes must be removable without interfering with piping, wiring or machinery. Access covers, grease points, etc., must be accessible.

Provide sufficient floor space or service platforms near the engine and marine gear for major parts removed during service (cylinder heads, pistons, etc.). Reinforce service platform plates subject to heavy loads. All engine and marine gear service and inspection areas must be accessible without removing floorplates, pipes, or wiring.

The engine room should have storage space, preferably near the engine, for major spare parts. Locate a bridge crane above the engine. Provide additional

monorails with hoists throughout the engine room to move heavy equipment and spares from the storage area. The ship design must allow movement of heavy parts to and from the engine room.

When two or more engines are connected to the propeller through reduction gears, the center distance between engines must allow access space for servicing each engine. The sketches that follow allow for a 2.44 m (8 ft) between engine centerlines. This is minimum for inspection and service. If closer spacing is required it is considered marginal, and the design should be reviewed with the operator.

The instrument panel, bypass oil filters, lube oil filling connection, fuel and lube filters located on the engine inboard side facilitates inspection and service for twin engine installations.

Engine installation cost can be reduced by factory ordering an auxiliary module (fresh water expansion tank, heat exchanger, etc.). The module comes complete with associated engine auxiliary equipment. It can be mounted at the forward end of the engine as shown in Figure 2.

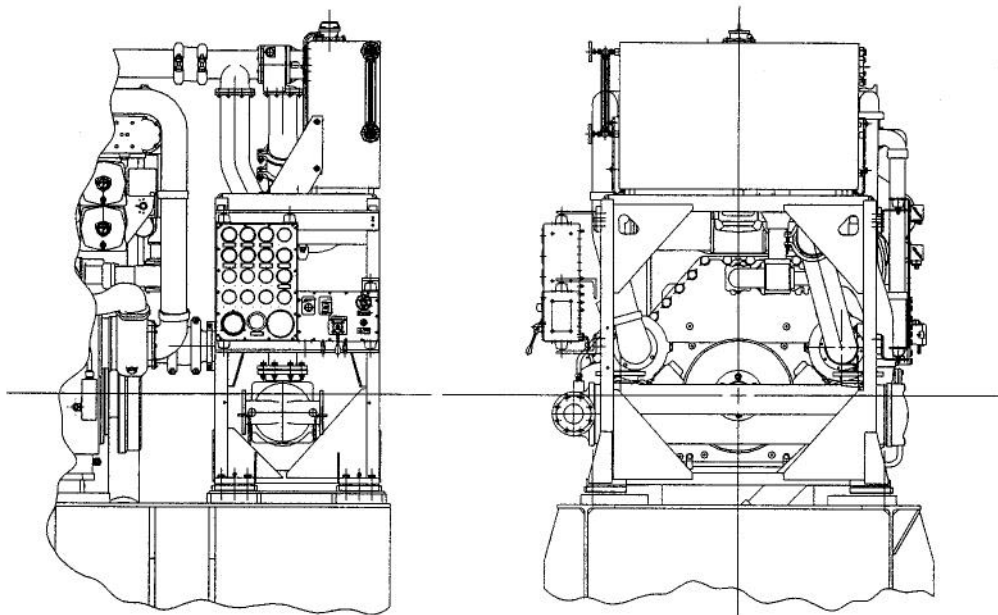


Figure 2

Typical Accessory Module

Flexible connections should be used between the module and shipyard piping.

If possible, place the fuel treatment and service equipment within a separate, dedicated room. This allows the majority of fuel handling equipment to be located in one area and confines fire potential areas. Provide separate ventilation and fire extinguishing systems.

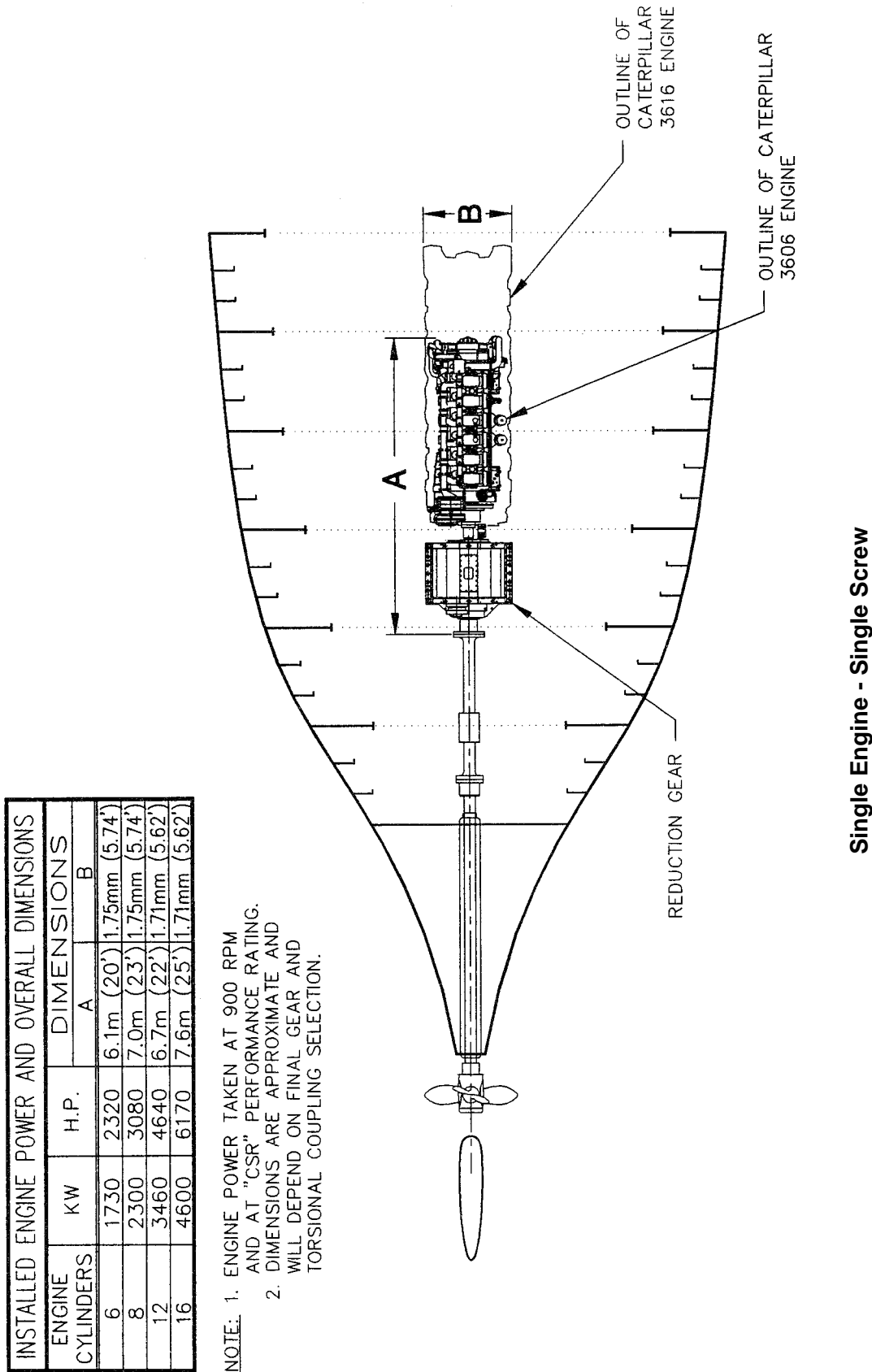
Enclose the ship's service generators within a sound proof room to minimize engine room noise. This allows the operators to service the main engines in port at reasonable engine room noise levels.

The machinery casing above the engine room must allow for installation, inspection and maintenance of the engine exhaust piping and silencers, and for ventilation air ducting and air trunks.

Give consideration to keeping the machinery casings separate from living accommodations to minimize noise and vibration.

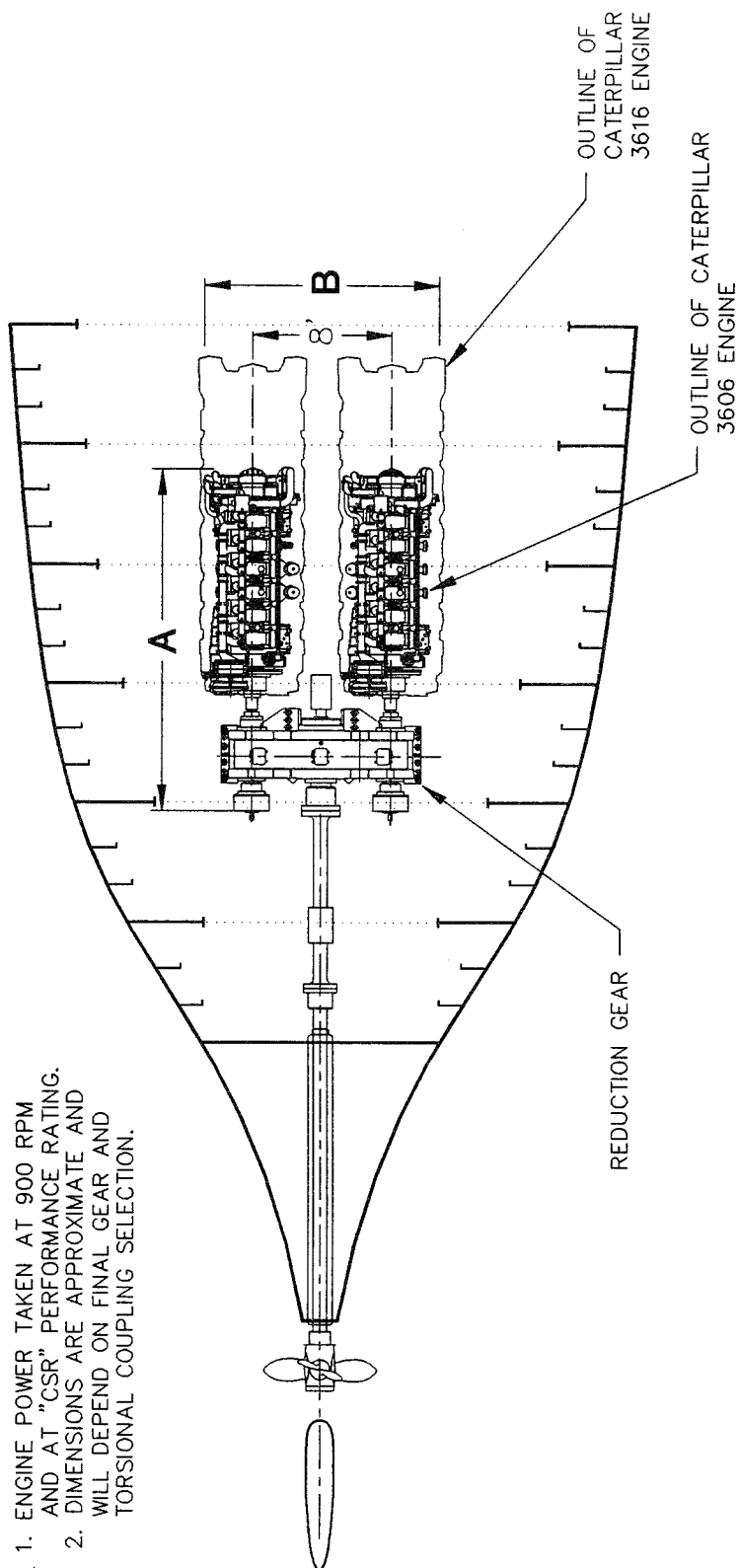
The following drawings indicate overall dimensions for various engine/marine gear configurations. The dimensions shown are approximate and can change based on marine gear manufacturer, torsional coupling selected, horsepower and speed of engine, propeller rpm, etc. The dimensions shown can be used for preliminary design and configuration arrangement. The table of horsepower ranges is based on the Continuous Service Rating (CSR) at an engine speed of 900 rpm.

Figure 3



INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	3460	4640	6.1m (20')	4.2m (13.7')
8	4600	6160	7.0m (23')	4.2m (13.7')
12	6920	9280	6.7m (22')	4.2m (13.7')
16	9200	12 340	7.6m (25')	4.2m (13.7')

NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
 2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.



Twin Engine - Single Screw

Figure 4

INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	3460	4640	6.1m (20')	1.8m (6')
8	4600	6160	6.9m (23')	1.8m (6')
12	6920	9280	7.6m (21.8')	1.8m (6')
16	9200	12,340	7.6m (25')	1.8m (6')

NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.

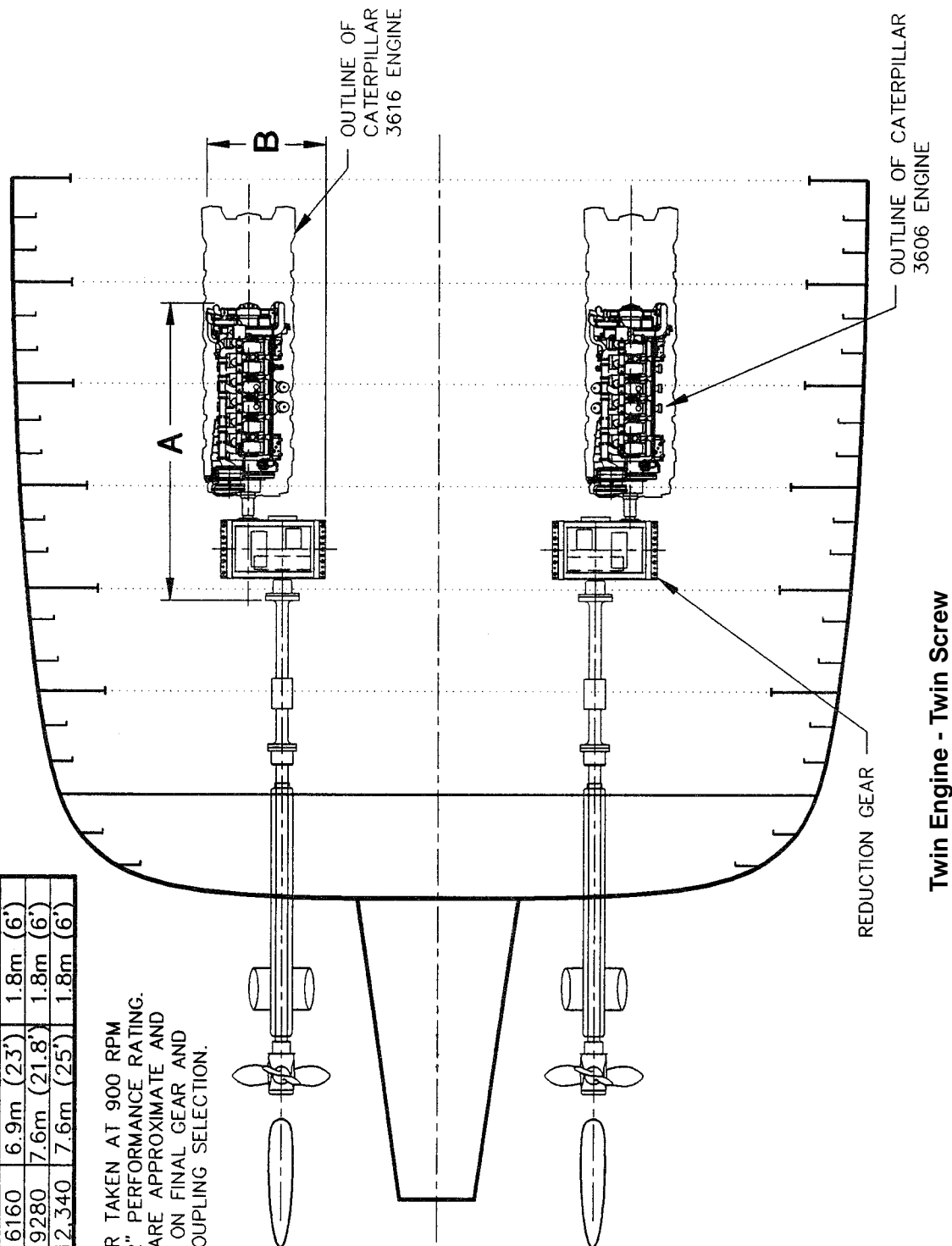
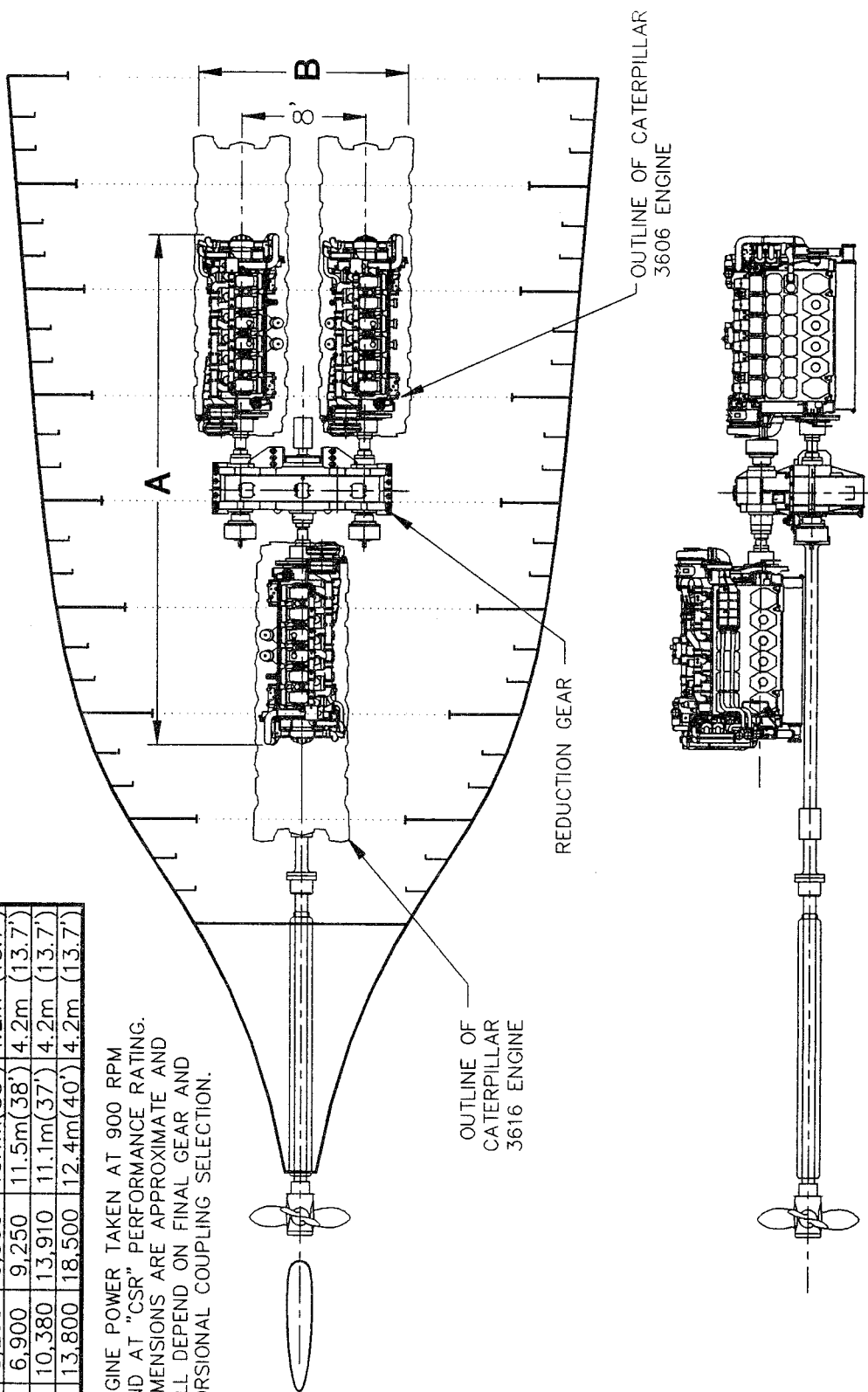


Figure 5

INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	5,200	6,960	10.1m(33')	4.2m (13.7')
8	6,900	9,250	11.5m(38')	4.2m (13.7')
12	10,380	13,910	11.1m(37')	4.2m (13.7')
16	13,800	18,500	12.4m(40')	4.2m (13.7')

NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.

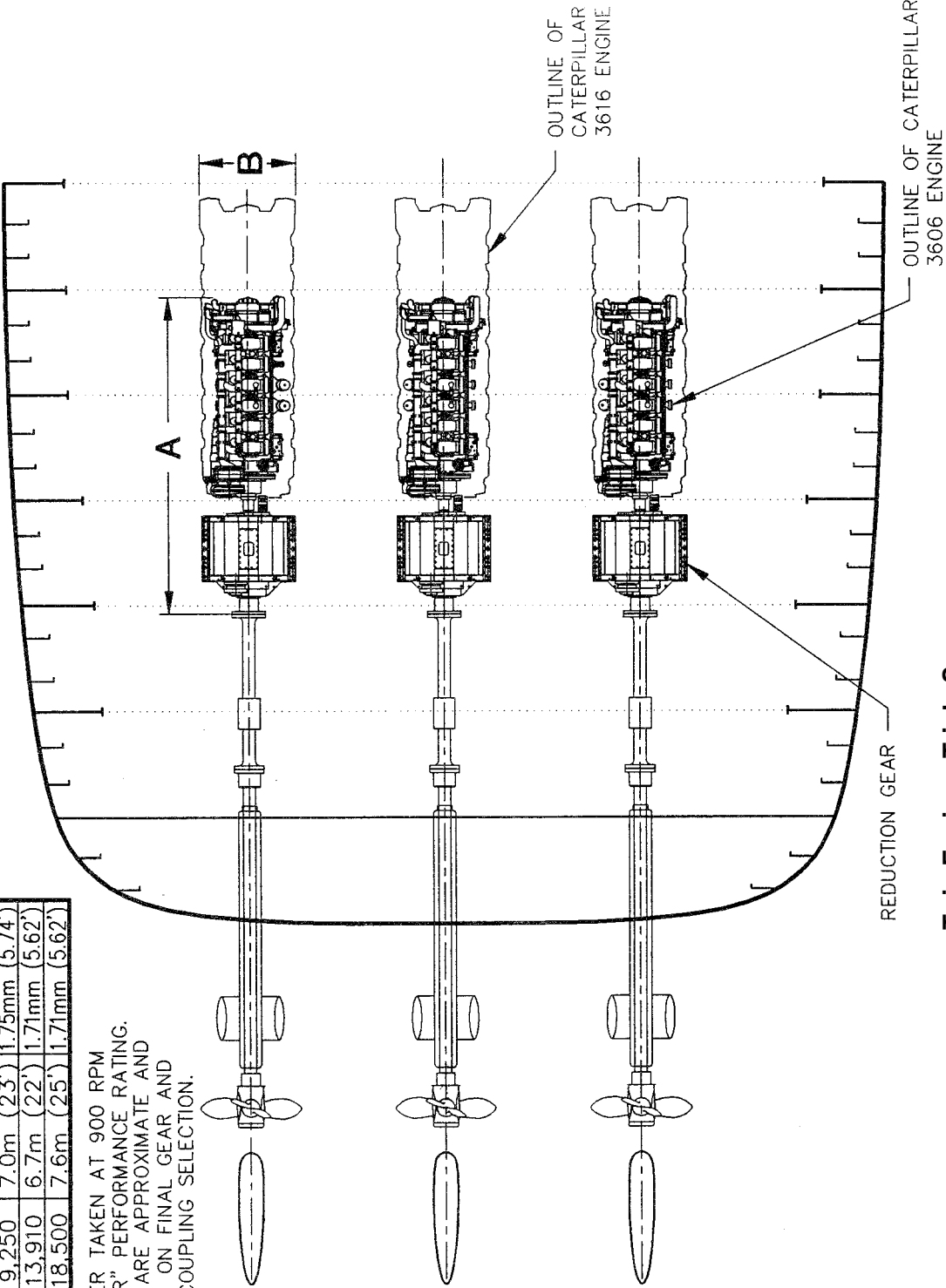


Three Engine - Single Screw

Figure 6

INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	5,200	6,960	6.1m (20')	1.75mm (5.74')
8	6,900	9,250	7.0m (23')	1.75mm (5.74')
12	10,380	13,910	6.7m (22')	1.71mm (5.62')
16	13,800	18,500	7.6m (25')	1.71mm (5.62')

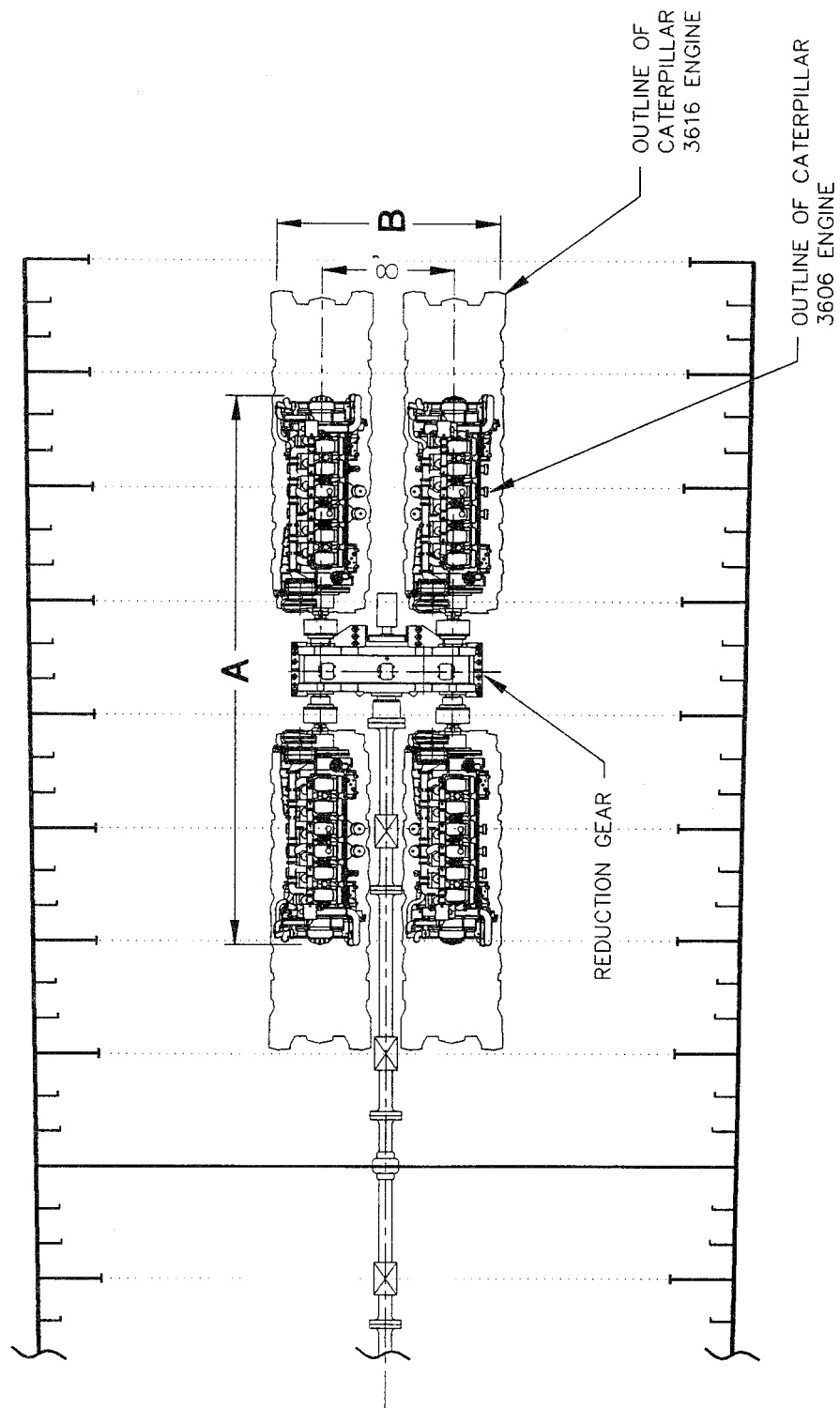
NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.



Twin Engine - Triple Screw

INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	6,920	9,280	10.1m(33')	4.2m (13.7')
8	9,200	12,320	11.9m(39')	4.2m (13.7')
12	13,840	18,560	11.3m(37')	4.2m (13.7')
16	18,400	24,680	13.0m(43')	4.2m (13.7')

NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.

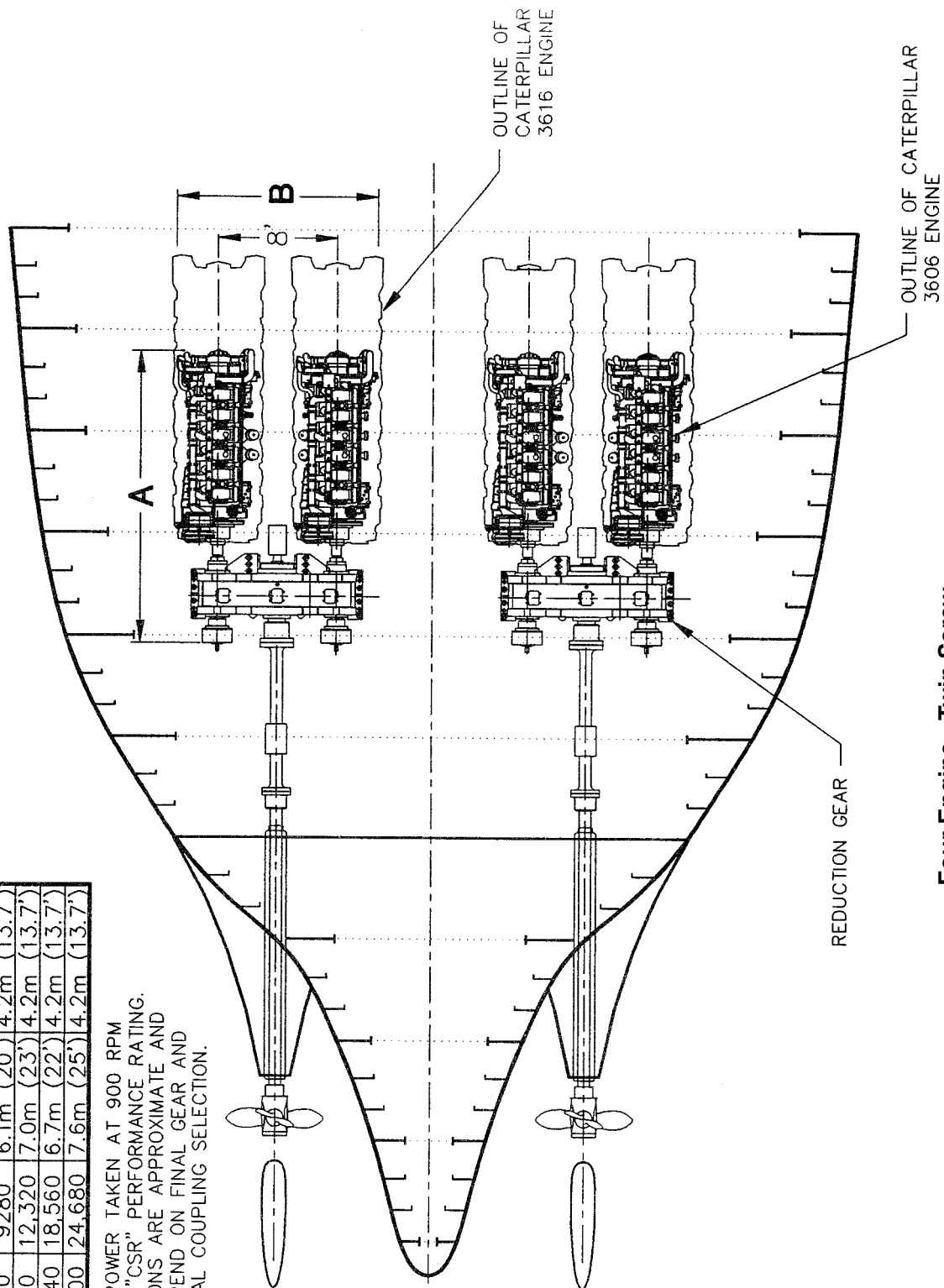


Four Engine - Single Screw

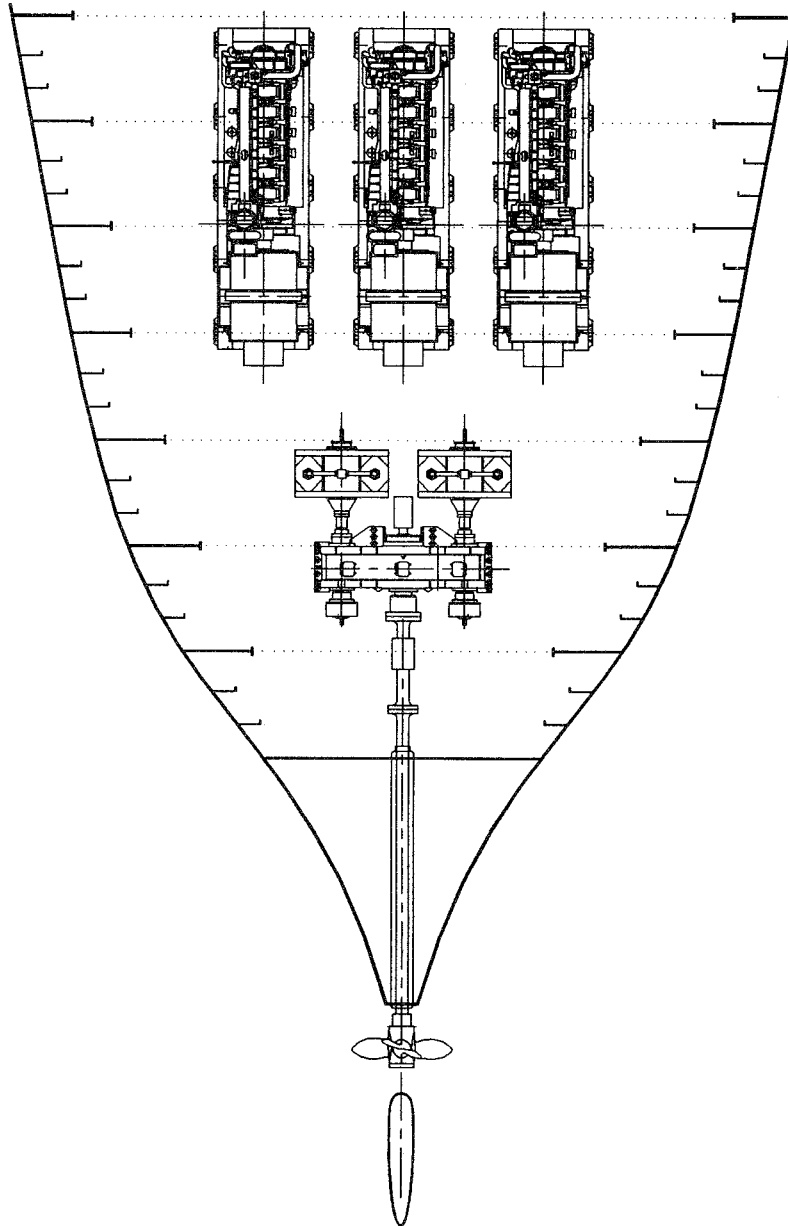
Figure 8

INSTALLED ENGINE POWER AND OVERALL DIMENSIONS				
ENGINE CYLINDERS	KW	H.P.	DIMENSIONS	
			A	B
6	6920	9280	6.1m (20')	4.2m (13.7')
8	9200	12,320	7.0m (23')	4.2m (13.7')
12	13,840	18,560	6.7m (22')	4.2m (13.7')
16	18,400	24,680	7.6m (25')	4.2m (13.7')

NOTE: 1. ENGINE POWER TAKEN AT 900 RPM AND AT "CSR" PERFORMANCE RATING.
 2. DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND WILL DEPEND ON FINAL GEAR AND TORSIONAL COUPLING SELECTION.

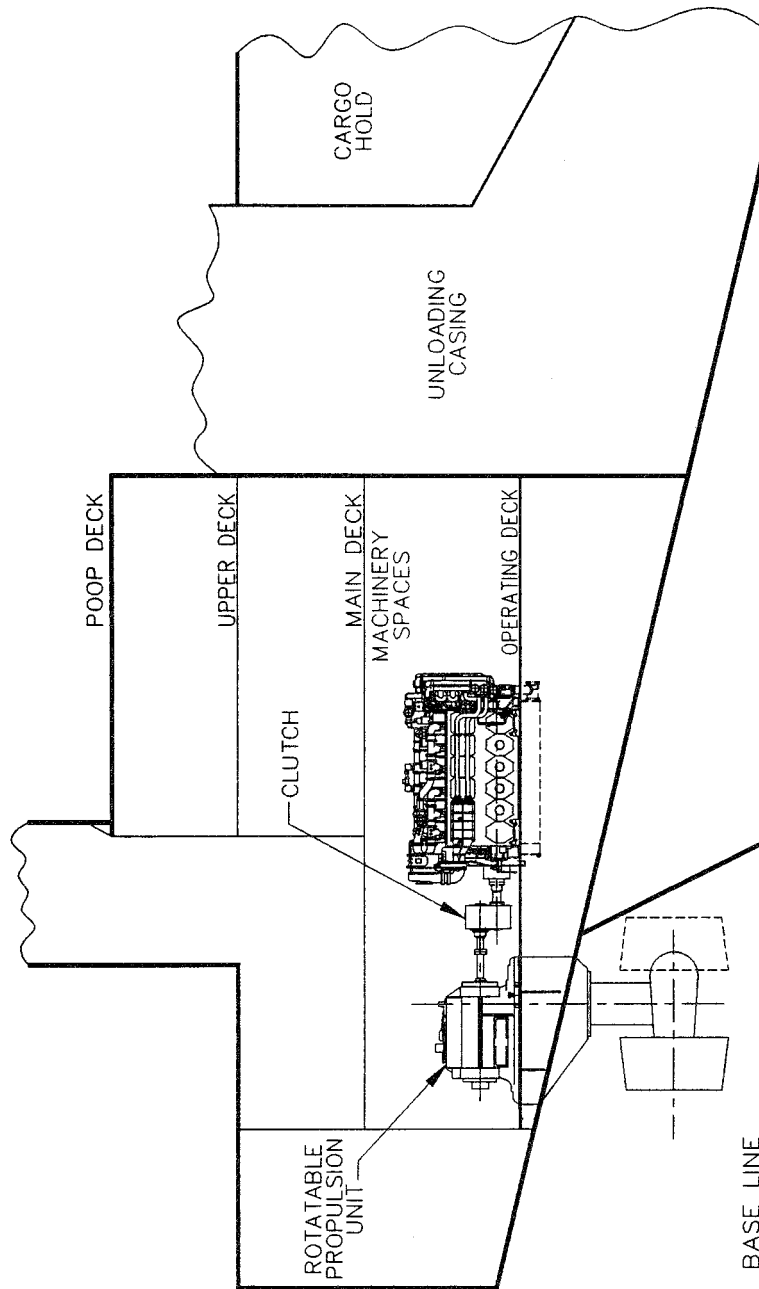


Four Engine - Twin Screw



Typical Electric Drive

Figure 10

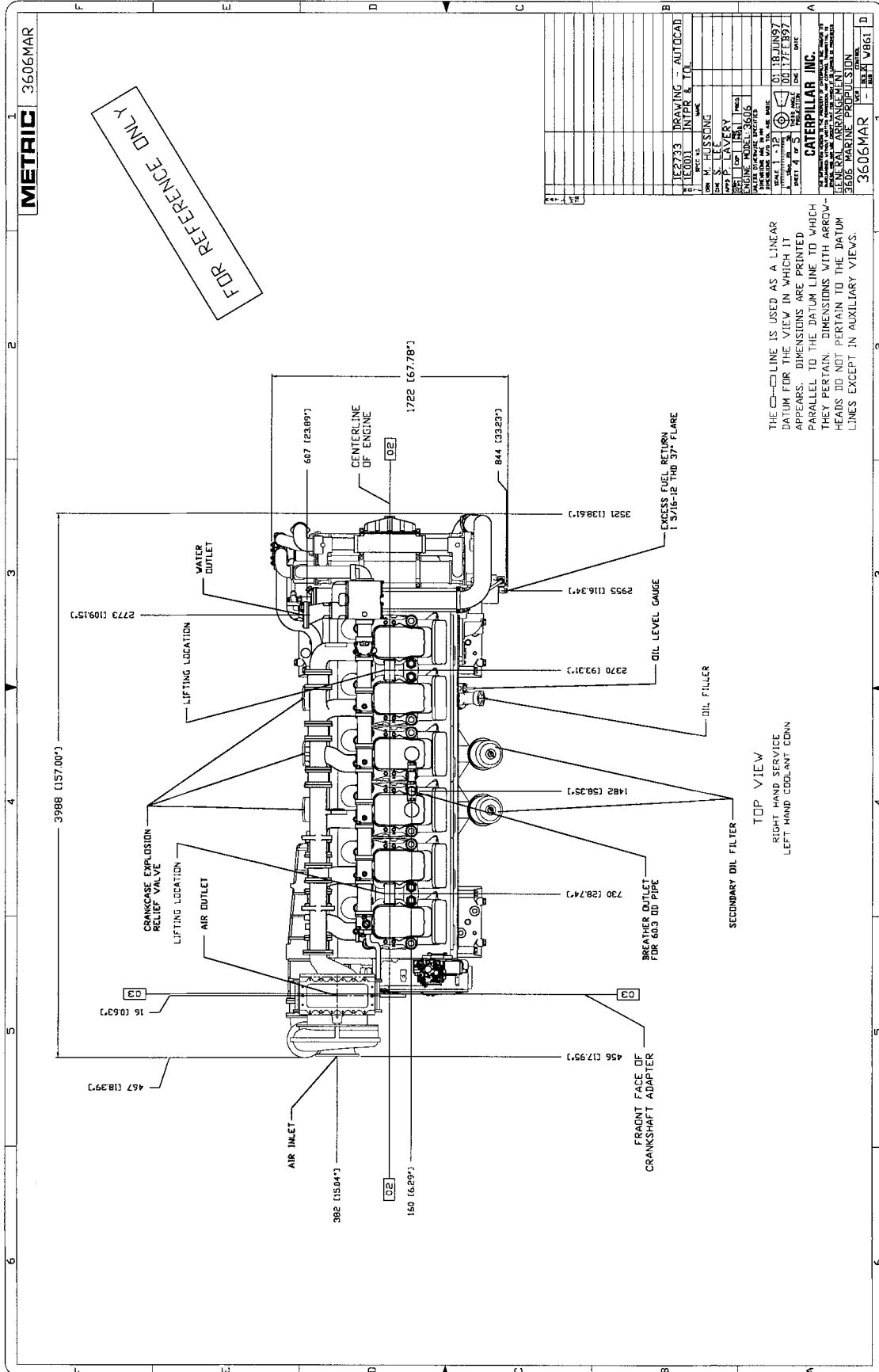


Typical Rotatable Drive

Figure 11

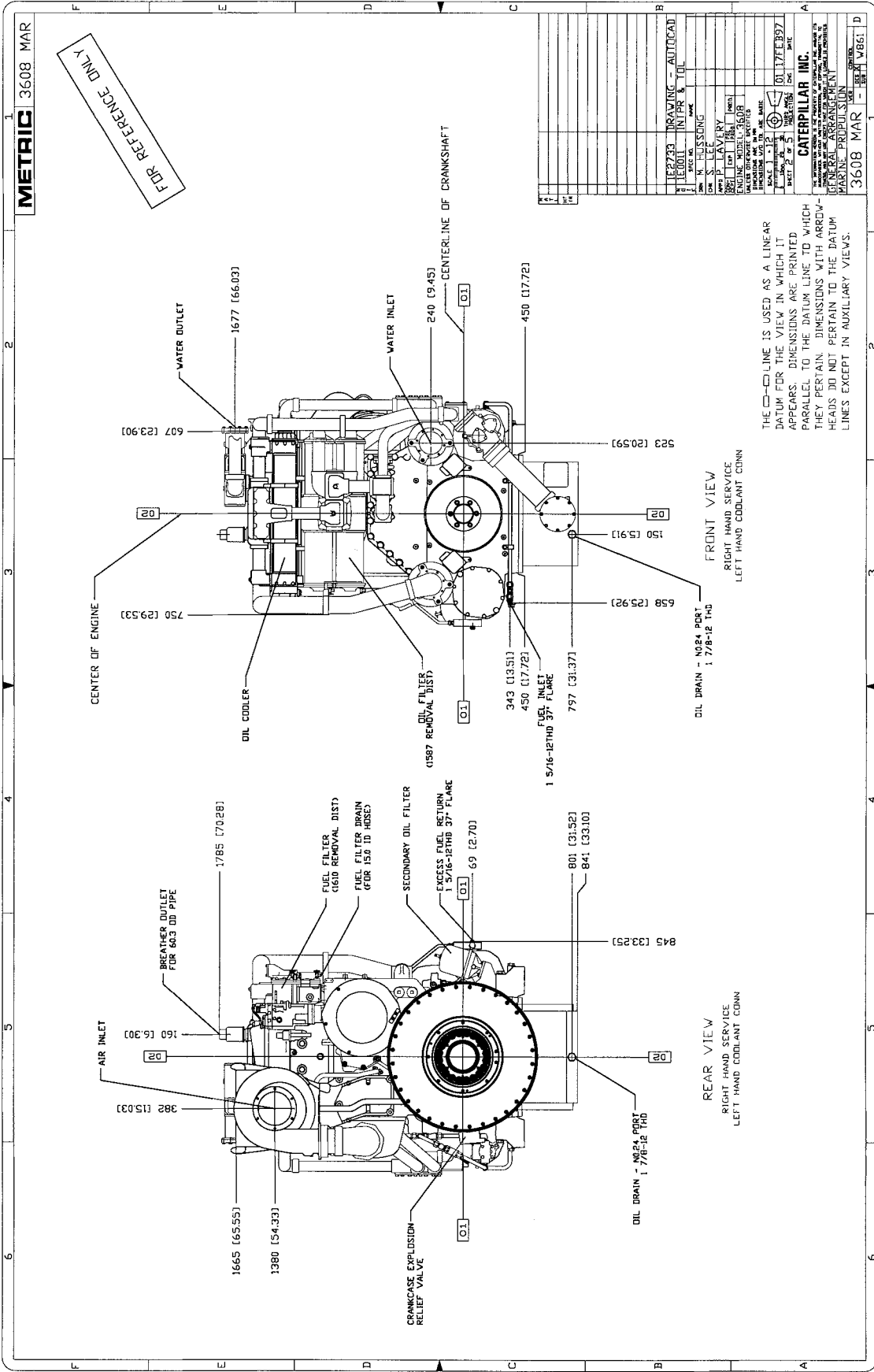


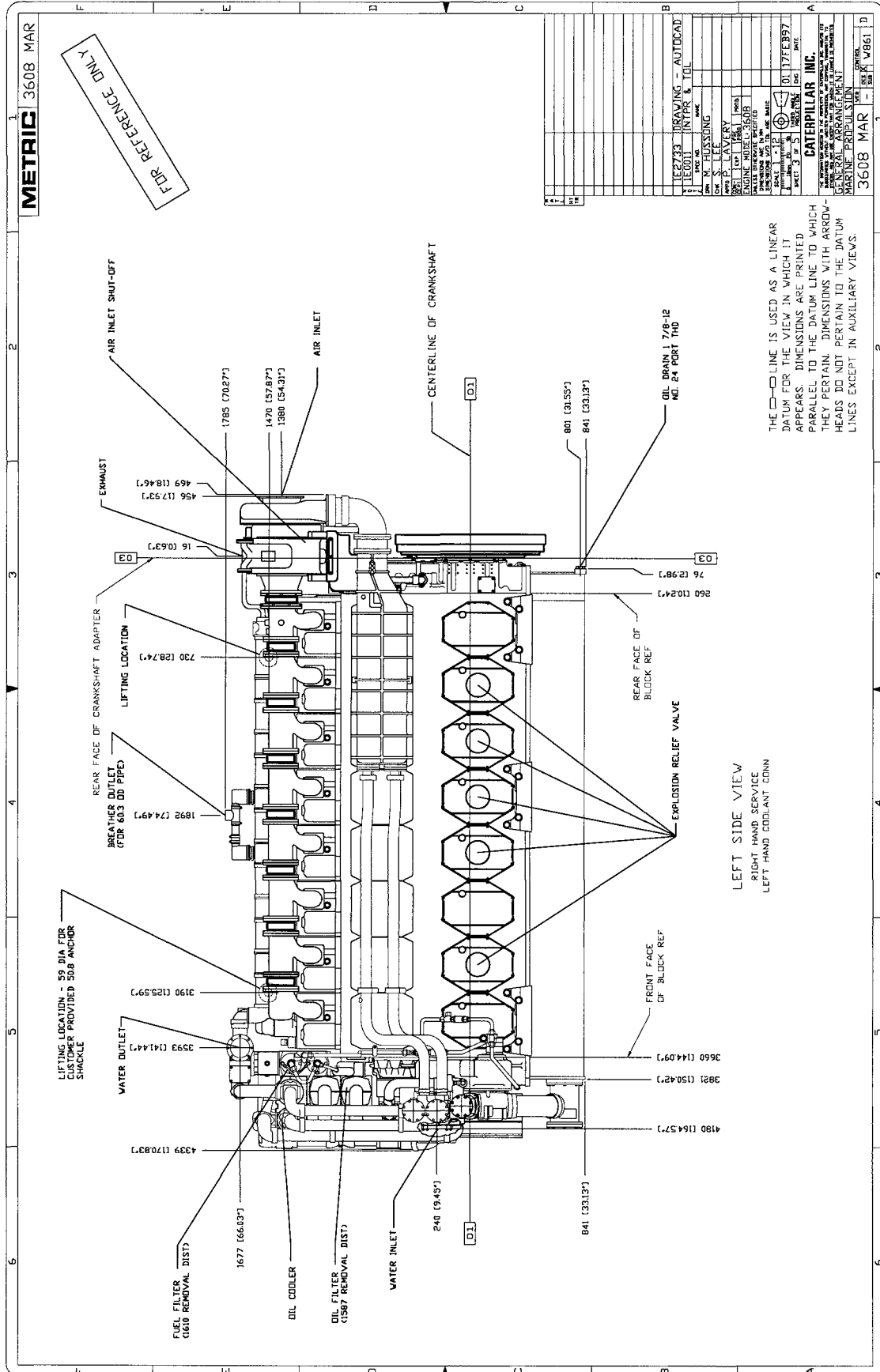




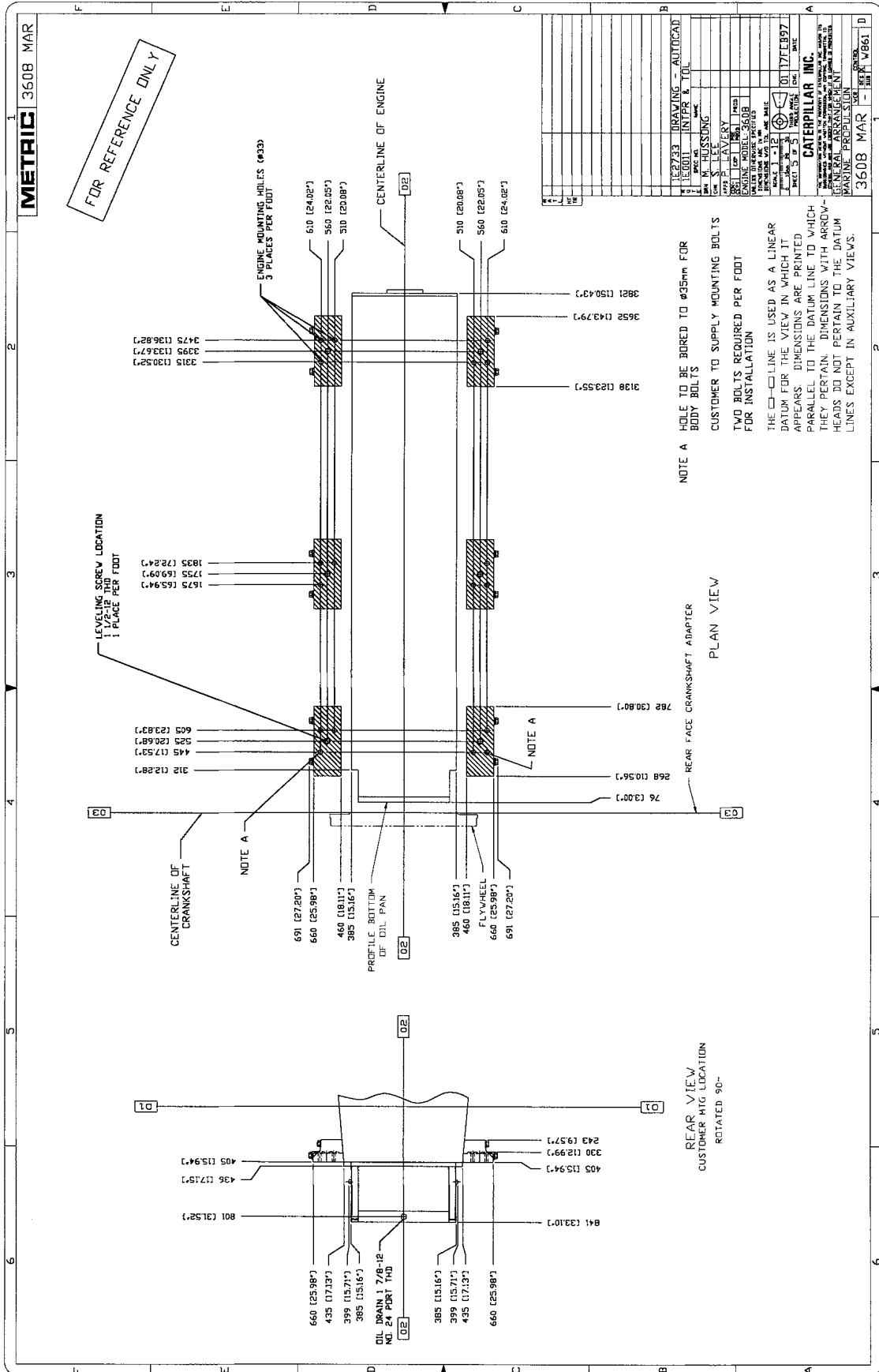






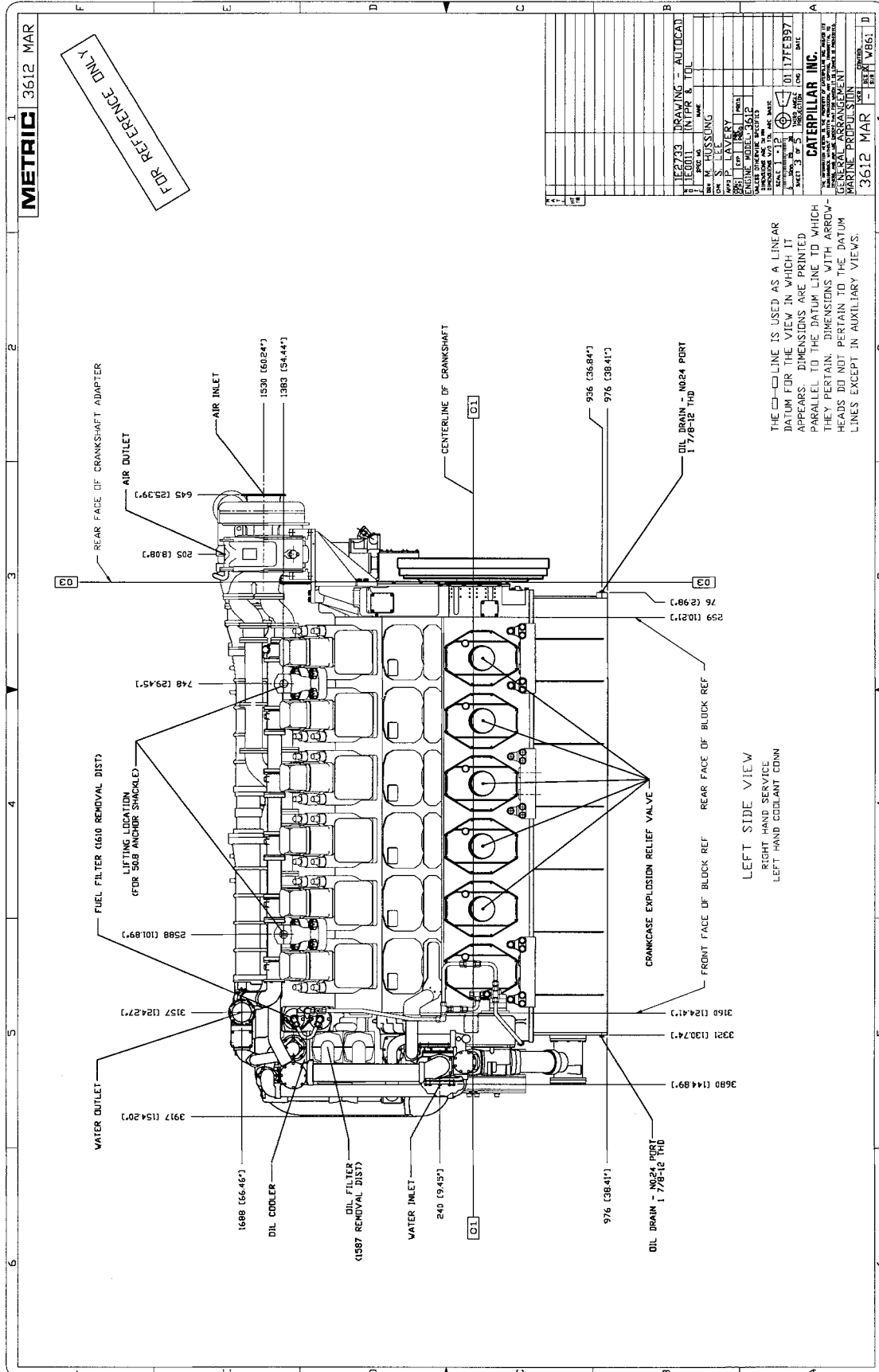


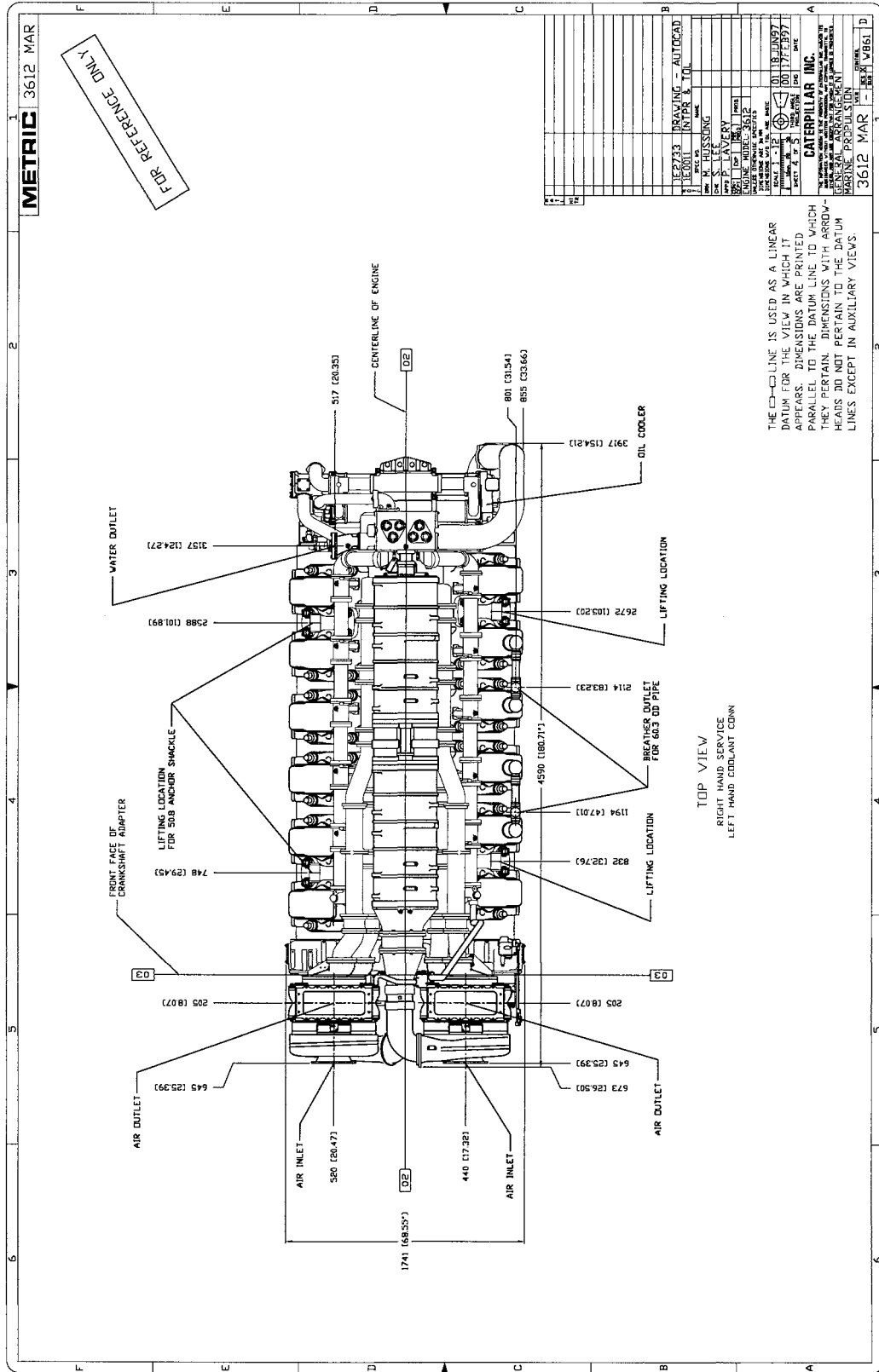


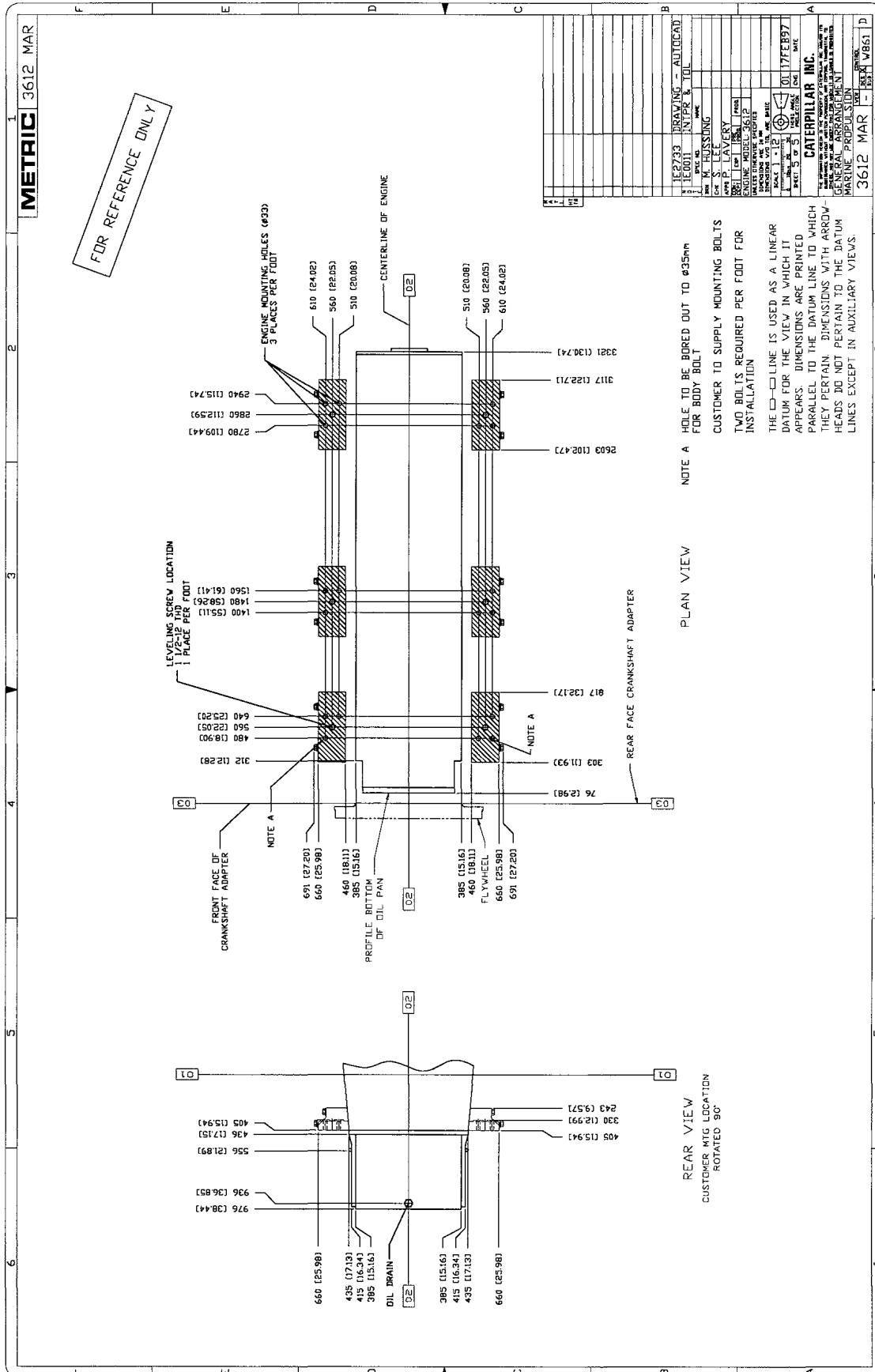


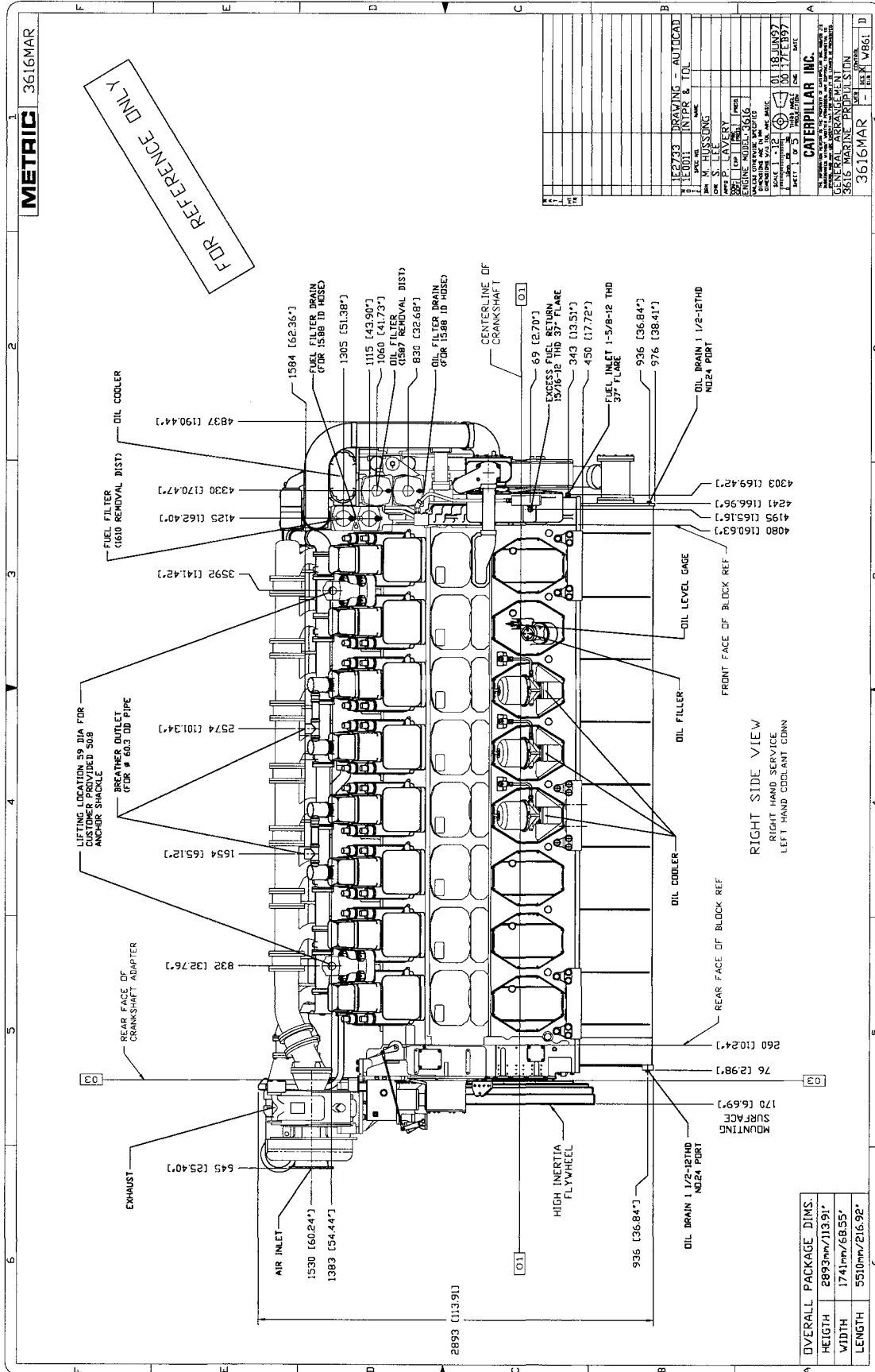








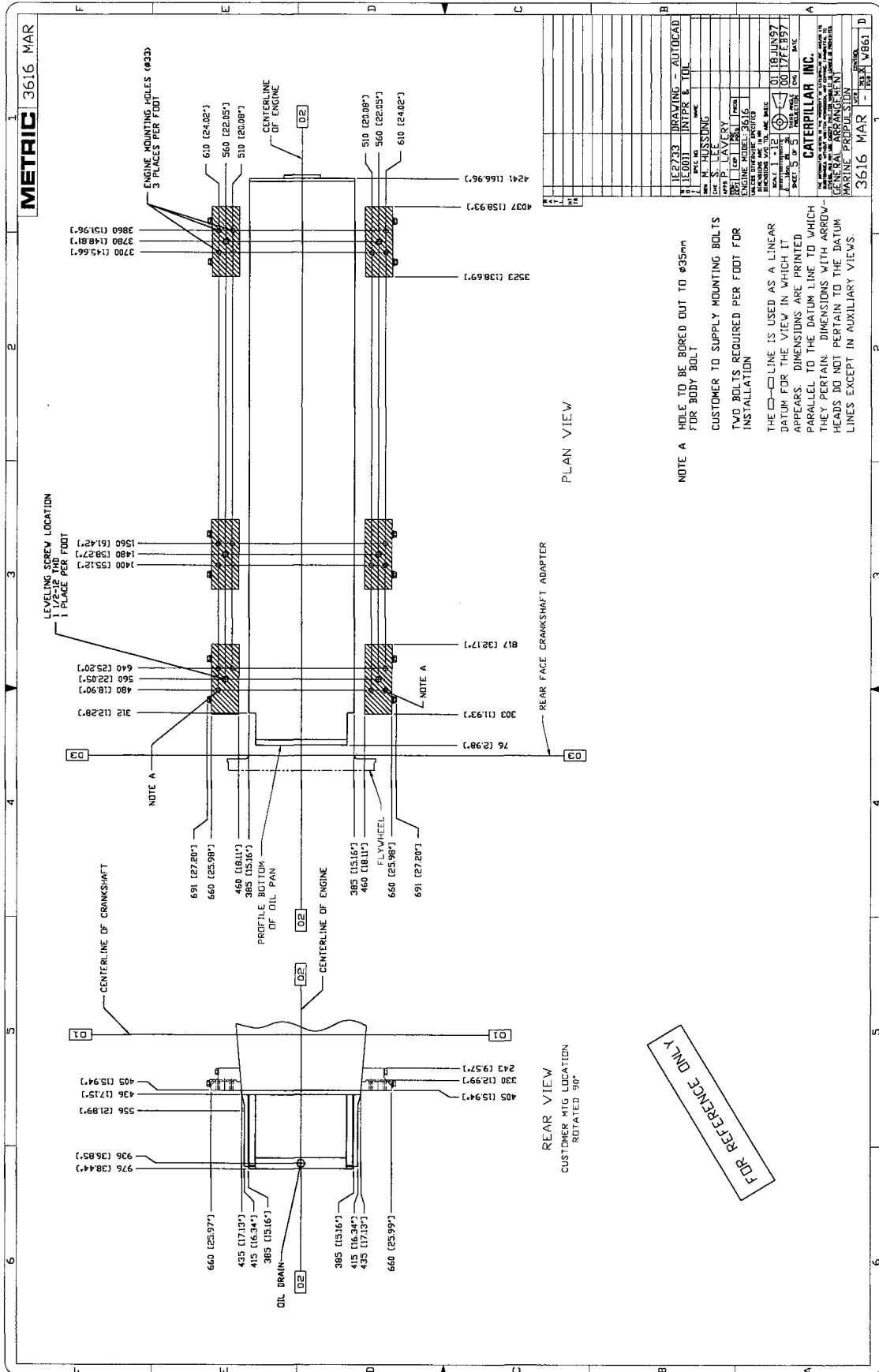












Materials and specifications are
subject to change without notice.